**Unit 10 If you go to the party, you'll have a great time!**

**Section B2 (2a-2e)**

**【学习目标】**

1. 理解并掌握下列词汇及短语：

New words: expert，teenager，normal，unless，certainly，wallet，worried，

mile，angry，understanding，careless，mistake，himself，

careful，advise， solve，step，trust，experience，else

Key phrases: worry about，keep…to oneself，have problems with sth.，

in the end，make careless mistakes，run away from，in half，

be afraid to do sth，advise sb. to do sth.

1. 理解并掌握下列重点句型:

1）Unless we talk to someone, we'll certainly feel worse.

2）If people have problems, they should talk to other people.

3）Some people believe the worst thing is to do nothing.

4）It is best not to run away from our problems. We should always try to solve

them.

1. Grammar: If-adverbials，conditional adverbials.

4. To improve ability of reading, writing and understanding.

在阅读过程中，训练快读和精读两种策略。在写作过程中，学习正反对比两

种写作方法，并恰当使用连接词。

5. Problems and worries are normal in life. If you have any problems, you should talk to other people you trust and find the solutions.

**【重点和难点】**

1. New words and key phrases.

2. Understanding of Section B 2b

3. 条件状语从句“If＋will”。

4. Learn to give and ask for advice.

**【课前预习】**

预习课文，写出下列单词和短语

A 单词：

专家 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 青少年\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

正常的\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 担心的 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

除非 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 无疑、肯定\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

钱包 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 英里 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

发怒的 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 善解人意的 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

粗心的 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 错误 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

他自己 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 小心地 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

劝告 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 解决 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

步骤 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 相信\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

经验 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 别的\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B 词组：

担心；担忧\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 保守秘密\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

在......有问题 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 最后；终于\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

逃离；逃避 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 分成两半\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

害怕做某事 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 建议某人做某事\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

在中途 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

C 重点句子：

1. we talk to someone， certainly worse.

除非我们跟别人倾诉，否则我们肯定会感觉更糟。

2. If people , they other people.

如果人们有问题，他们应该跟别人倾诉。

3. Some people believe is to do nothing.

一些人认为最糟糕的事情就是什么也不做。

4. It is best our problems. We should always try to solve them.

最好别逃避问题，我们应该总是试图去解决它们

**【合作探究】**

探究一：

Read the new words for several minutes.

Read and memorize the new words and phrases.

探究二

Section B 2a

What kinds of things do you worry about?

Who do you usually go to for help?

(参考答案：e.g. I’m worried about my schoolwork and making friends. I usually ask my teacher or parents for help. )

探究三

Section B 2b

Look at the statements and then read the passage quickly. Which statement expresses the main idea of the passage?

a. If people have problems, they should get advice from an expert.

b. If people have problems, they should keep them to themselves.

c. If people have problems, they should talk to other people.

Read the passage again and answer the questions.

1. What did Laura think of the problems and worries in life?

2. What did Laura do once she lost her wallet?

3. What did Laura’s parents say to her when they got her a new wallet?

4. What does Robert Hunt advise his students about common problems?

5. Should we run away from our problems? If not, What should we do？

探究四

Section B 2c

1 What is the worst thing to do if you have a problem?

2 Why didn’t Laura want to tell her parents about her lost wallet?

3 What is the first thing you should do when you want to solve a problem？

4 Why can our parents give us good advice about our problems?

探究五

Section B 2d

Fill in the blanks with the phrases in the box.

探究六

Section B 2e

What problems do you have with schoolwork?

Who do you talk to about these problems and why?

Who else can you get advice from？

Do you always tell your parents about your problems? Why or why not?

Do you ever give advice to your friends about their problems? What advice do you give?

Summary:

Problems and worries are normal in life. If you have problems, you should talk to other people you trust. It is best not to run away from our problems. We should try to solve them. You are half way to solving a problem just by talking to someone about it.

探究七

1. If people have problems, they should keep them to themselves.

如果人们有麻烦，他们应该把这些烦恼留给自己/保守秘密。

keep: 保留，保存。keep… to oneself 不向他人诉说，保守秘密；

Maria is shy and she always keeps her worries to herself.

玛利亚很内向，总是把烦恼埋在心底

2. She just keep thinking, “If I tell my parents, they’ll be angry.”

她一直在想：“如果我告诉我的父母的话,他们会很生气。”

keep（使…）保持（某种状态或关系）；一直……，后面接动词时，该动词要用-ing的形式，keep doing…。

3. Unless we talk to someone, we’ll certainly feel worse.

如果我们不向别人倾诉，我们必定会感觉更糟。

unless:连词，除非，如果不，在句中引导条件状语从句。

I won’t go to the party unless Gina invites me.

我将不去参加聚会，除非吉娜邀请我。

4. If I tell my parents, they’ll be angry. 如果我告诉我的父母，他们将会很生气。

angry *adj.* 生气的，发怒的

be angry with sb. 生某人的气

be angry at/about sth. 因某事而生气

If you don’t finish the work, Mr. Black will be angry with you.

如果你不完成这项工作，布莱克先生将会生的你气。

My mother is angry at my mistake. 我妈妈因我的错误而生气。

5. Robert Hunt advises students about the common problems.

罗伯特·亨特就一些常见的问题给了学生们建议。

advise *v*. 建议，劝告。advice *n*. (不可数)

advise sb. on/about sth. 就……问题给某人建议

advise sb. to do sth. 建议/劝告某人做某事

6. It is best not to run away from our problems.

最好不要逃避我们的问题.

It is best (not) to do sth. 最好（不）做某事.

7. He thinks the first step is to find someone you trust to talk to.

他认为第一步是找一个我们信任的人倾诉。

这是一个主从复合句，既有宾语从句，又有定语从句。其中“the first step is to find someone you trust to talk to”是宾语从句，作动词thinks 的宾语。而 “you trust”又是一个定语从句，修饰先行词someone.动词不定式to talk to也作定语，修饰someone.

8. In English, we say that sharing a problem is like cutting it in half.

在英语中，我们说与人分担一个烦恼就像把烦恼分成两半。

share *v*. 分享、分担。share sth. with sb. 与某某一起分享……

cut …in half: 把……切成两半；把……一分为二。 in half: 分成两半

9. So you’re halfway to solving a problem just by talking to someone about it!

因此，你只要和别人聊聊这个问题，你就已经解决了问题的一半。

be halfway to…完成了或做了事情的一部分。to是介词，+动词的-ing形式。

如：We are still only halfway to finishing the job.

我们才仅仅完成了工作的一部分。

by: 表示方式，通过……办法，使用……方式。

如：We can practice and learn English by singing English songs.

我们可以通过唱英文歌曲来学、练英语。

**【课时小结】**

运用if条件状语从句来表达因果关系。

本课学习：

单词expert，teenager，normal，unless，certainly，wallet，worried，mile，angry，understanding，careless，mistake，himself，careful，advise，solve，step，trust，experience，else

词组worry about，keep…to oneself，have problems with sth.，in the end，make careless mistakes，run away from，in half，be afraid to do sth, advise sb. to do sth.

句型

1）Unless we talk to someone, we'll certainly feel worse.

2）If people have problems, they should talk to other people.

3）Some people believe the worst thing is to do nothing.

4）It is best not to run away from our problems. We should always try to solve them.

语法 If-adverbials，conditional adverbials.

**【达标检测】**

一、根据句意及首字母提示补全单词，使句子完整、通顺。

1. My English teacher was a with me because I didn’t finish my homework

yesterday.

2. If you have problems, I think you could ask an e for help.

3. I really don’t know how to s this problem, it’s too difficult.

4. You should be c when you cross the street by yourself.

5. Gina found a w in Center Street last Sunday, it had 300 dollars in it.

6. Mrs. Black’s daughter is so u that she always helps Mrs. Black to

do the chores every day.

7. Problems and worries are n in life.

8. My father a me to practice speaking English every day.

9. Nowadays most of the t like surfing the Internet and play computer games.

10. I won’t talk with Tony u he says sorry to me.

二、单项选择。

( )11. I won’t pass the exam I work hard.

A. when B. if C. unless

( )12. I have some problems with my schoolwork. Can you give me some \_\_\_\_\_ ?

A. advices B. advice C. advise

( )13. Linda was lost in the forest and her parents were really her. A. worry B. worried about C. worried

( )14. Sara studies English very and her English is in her class.

A. careful, good B. carefully, well C. carefully, the best

( )15. Some students are so that they often make mistakes in their homework.

A. careful B. careless C. serious

三、根据汉语意思完成英语句子，每空一词。

16. 除非我们向别人倾诉，否则我们肯定会感觉更糟糕。

we talk to someone, we’ll feel worse.

17. 布莱克先生就一些常见的问题给了学生们建议。

Mr. Black students about common problems.

1. 最好不要逃避我们的问题。

It is not to our problems.

19. 如果人们有烦恼，他们不应该埋在心底。

If people have problems, they shouldn’t them .

20. 在英语中，我们说与人分担一个烦恼就像把烦恼分成两半。

In English, we say that a problem is like it .

**【自我评价】**

1. 本课我学会了什么？

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. 通过本课的学习，我还有哪些疑问？

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**参考答案：**

**【课前预习】**

A New words: expert，teenager，normal，worried，unless，certainly，wallet，mile，angry，understanding，careless，mistake，himself，careful，advise，solve，step，trust，experience，else

B Key phrases: worry about，keep…to oneself，have problems with sth.，

in the end，run away from，in half，be afraid to do sth, advise sb. to do sth.,

half way

C 1. Unless, we’ll feel 2. have problems，should talk to 3. the worst thing

4. not to run away from

**【合作探究】**

探究三

c

1 She thinks talking to someone helps a lot.

2 She kept to herself at first/ was afraid to tell her parents.

3 They asked her to be more careful.

4 It is best not to run away from our problems. We should always try to solve them.

5 No, we shouldn’t. We should always try to solve them. For example, we can find someone we trust to talk to.

探究四

1. The worst thing is to do nothing.
2. She thinks if she tells her parents, they’ll be angry.
3. To find someone you trust to talk to.
4. Because our parents have more experience, and are always there to help us.

**【达标检测】**

一、1 angry 2 expert 3 solve 4 careful 5 wallet

6 understanding 7 normal 8 advise 9 teenagers 10 unless

二、CBBCB

三、16. Unless certainly 17. gave advice 18. best, run away from

19. keep, to themselves 20. sharing, cutting, in half